

300022

This booklet contains 7 printed pages. Question Booklet No. :

Question Booklet for TDP (General) 5th Semester Exam., 2016

SOCIOLOGY

Full Marks : 40]

FIFTH PAPER

[Time : 1 Hour

Question Booklet SET No. : B

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

Read the following INSTRUCTIONS carefully :

1. **Use black/blue dot pen only.**
2. **Fill in the particulars given below in this page.**
3. **Fill in the particulars (on the Side 1) of the OMR Answer Sheet as per Instructions contained in OMR Answer Sheet.**
4. **The SET No. of this Question Booklet is B. Write the SET No. at the specific space provided in the OMR Answer Sheet.**
5. **There are 40 (forty) questions in this Question Booklet, each carrying 1 (one) mark.**
6. **Each question or incomplete statement is followed by 4 (four) suggestive answers—[A], [B], [C] and [D] of which only one is correct. Mark the correct answer by darkening the appropriate circle.**
7. **Marking of more than one answer against any question will be treated as incorrect response and no mark shall be awarded.**
8. **Any change in answer made or erased by using solid or liquid eraser will damage the OMR Answer Sheet resulting in rejection of the whole Answer Sheet by the computer. Therefore, do not change or erase once the answer is marked.**
9. **No part of the Question Booklet shall be detached or defaced under any circumstances.**
10. **Use of mobile phone, calculator, log table, compass, scale and any electronic gadget is strictly prohibited in the Examination Hall.**
11. **Question Booklet and the OMR Answer Sheet must be returned to the Invigilator within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the examination.**
12. **Adoption of unfair means in any form or violation of instruction as mentioned in Point No. 10 shall result into expulsion from the entire examination.**
13. **The candidate must ensure that the Question Booklet and OMR Answer Sheet are signed by the Invigilator.**
14. **After opening the Question Booklet, check the total number of printed pages and report to the Invigilator in case of any discrepancy.**

Roll Number :	<input style="width: 100%; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
OMR Answer Sheet No. :	<input style="width: 100%; height: 20px;" type="text"/>
(As printed in the OMR Answer Sheet)	
Full Signature of the Candidate	Verified and found correct
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1. The state of being unable to sell one's labour-power in the Labour market despite being willing to do so is termed as
 - [A] population explosion
 - [B] unemployment
 - [C] social deviance
 - [D] poverty

2. Which is not included among the four departments as anti-corruption measures set up by the Central Government?
 - [A] Administrative Vigilance Division (AVD)
 - [B] Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI)
 - [C] Central Vigilance Commission (CVC)
 - [D] Central Intelligence Agency (CIA)

3. Who is of the view that 'crime is normal because a society exempt from it is utterly impossible'?
 - [A] R. K. Merton
 - [B] Emile Durkheim
 - [C] Max Weber
 - [D] Karl Marx

4. Sarva Siksha Abhiyan was launched to educate the children of 6-14 years in
 - [A] 2000
 - [B] 2001
 - [C] 2002
 - [D] 2003

5. Who is an Italian Physician described as the father of criminology?
 - [A] Ferri
 - [B] Lombroso
 - [C] Garofalo
 - [D] Charles Goring

6. The inability to read and write simple sentence in any language is termed as
 - [A] deviance
 - [B] communalism
 - [C] illiteracy
 - [D] None of the above

7. The use of indiscriminate violence (terror) in order to achieve a political, religious, or ideological aim is
 - [A] terrorism
 - [B] casteism
 - [C] drug addiction
 - [D] poverty

8. Personal crime includes
 - [A] assault
 - [B] burglary
 - [C] homicide
 - [D] Both (A) and (C)

9. Communal persons are those who practise politics through
- [A] community
 - [B] society
 - [C] religion
 - [D] All of the above
10. Discrimination, or the holding of irrational and prejudicial views about individuals or groups, based on their age is known as
- [A] age-set
 - [B] ageism
 - [C] communalism
 - [D] terrorism
11. A state in which resources, usually material but sometimes cultural, are lacking, is
- [A] casteism
 - [B] poverty
 - [C] crime
 - [D] None of the above
12. The Central Vigilance Commission is the main legal body for dealing with the
- [A] divorce
 - [B] nepotism
 - [C] corruption
 - [D] communalism
13. A Committee on Prevention of Corruption was appointed under the Chairmanship of
- [A] K. Santhanam
 - [B] Kiran Bedi
 - [C] Arvind Kejriwal
 - [D] Irom Sharmila
14. Vohra Committee is concerned to
- [A] corruption
 - [B] illiteracy
 - [C] unemployment
 - [D] terrorism
15. *Social Problems in India* is written by
- [A] Ram Ahuja
 - [B] G. R. Madon
 - [C] Bella Duttgupta
 - [D] Andre Beteille
16. Casteism perpetuates the practice of
- [A] Sati
 - [B] untouchability
 - [C] equality
 - [D] widow re-marriage

17. A sudden, large increase in the size of human population is termed as
- [A] poverty
 [B] population explosion
 [C] demography
 [D] communalism
18. Naxalite Movement spread to fight for
- [A] Landless labour
 [B] corruption
 [C] removing foreigners
 [D] separate State
19. The term to denote a special medically diagnosable condition of serious dependents upon or addiction to alcohol is
- [A] drug addiction
 [B] AIDS
 [C] child labour
 [D] alcoholism
20. The most populous State in India according to 2011 Census is
- [A] Maharashtra
 [B] Bihar
 [C] Uttra Pradesh
 [D] West Bengal
21. Social problems lead to
- [A] social disorganization
 [B] conformity
 [C] socialization
 [D] All of the above
22. *Suicide* is written by
- [A] Robert K. Merton
 [B] Emile Durkheim
 [C] M. N. Srinivas
 [D] Karl Marx
23. Which of the following methods have been used in studying social problems?
- [A] Case study method
 [B] Social survey method
 [C] Multiple factor method
 [D] All of the above
24. Who criticized and turned the custom of 'Sati' into a social problem?
- [A] Lord Wellesley
 [B] Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 [C] Lord Curzon
 [D] Jyotiba Phule

25. _____ is held to be an offence which goes beyond the personal and into the public sphere, breaking prohibitory rules or laws, to which legitimate punishments or sanctions are attached.
- [A] Communalism
 [B] Casteism
 [C] Crime
 [D] None of the above
26. Action that is disoriented to social norms and falls outside the range of behaviour permitted by the norm is
- [A] conformity
 [B] crime
 [C] deviance
 [D] adultery
27. The government enacted the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act in the year
- [A] 1985
 [B] 1986
 [C] 1987
 [D] 1988
28. Which day of the following is observed every year as International Day against Drug Abuse and Elicit Trafficking?
- [A] June 28
 [B] July 26
 [C] June 26
 [D] August 30
29. The most important component of National AIDS programme is
- [A] information
 [B] education
 [C] awareness
 [D] Both (A) and (B)
30. HIV spreads mainly through
- [A] unprotected sex
 [B] blood transfusion
 [C] injecting drugs
 [D] All of the above
31. Which of the following is the maximum age in prohibiting the employment of children?
- [A] 12 years
 [B] 14 years
 [C] 15 years
 [D] 18 years
32. The basic cause of children being forced to take up employment is
- [A] abysmal poverty
 [B] school drop-out
 [C] illiteracy
 [D] jobless parents

33. Which of the following is not concerned with the cyber crime?
- [A] Professional Hackers
 - [B] Web Jacking
 - [C] Web Page
 - [D] E-mail Bombing
34. Which of the following is not included among the category of violence against women?
- [A] Criminal violence
 - [B] Domestic violence
 - [C] Social violence
 - [D] Obstetric violence
35. The antagonism practised by the members of one community against the people of other community and religion can be termed as
- [A] Nepotism
 - [B] Casteism
 - [C] Terrorism
 - [D] Communalism
36. Dowry Prohibition Act was passed in the year
- [A] 1961
 - [B] 1962
 - [C] 1971
 - [D] 1972
37. Which of the following is not included in the five stages of the life cycle categorized by the World Health Organization?
- [A] Pre-birth
 - [B] Infancy
 - [C] Childhood
 - [D] Adolescence
38. Violence against widows includes
- [A] physical battering
 - [B] emotional neglect
 - [C] abuse of their children
 - [D] All of the above
39. The term 'terrorism' has its origin in
- [A] Roman Empire
 - [B] Revolutionary France
 - [C] Nazi Germany
 - [D] English Civil War
40. The Poorest State in India according to 2011 Census is
- [A] Madhya Pradesh
 - [B] Odisha
 - [C] Uttar Pradesh
 - [D] Bihar