

3rd Semester MCQ Model Question Third Paper

1. Which among the following is not a feature of village?

- A. Less population
- B. Less diversity
- C. Impersonal relationship
- D. Predominance of primary occupation

Answer: C

2. Which among the following is not a form of diversity in India?

- A. Geographical diversity
- B. Linguistic diversity
- C. Religious diversity
- D. None of the above

Answer: D

3. Caste is not a/an-

- A. Endogamous system
- B. Hereditary system
- C. Hierarchical system
- D. Exogamous system

Answer: D

4. Marriage of one man with several sisters are called-

- A. Monogamous marriage
- B. Sororal polygyny
- C. Non-Sororal polygyny
- D. Levirate

Answer: B

5. The Hindu Marriage Act was enacted in the year-

- A. 1945
- B. 1955
- C. 1965
- D. 1975

Answer: B

6. 'History of human marriage' was written by-

- A. Malinowski
- B. Westermarck
- C. A.R. Desai
- D. S.C. Dube

Answer: B

7. More women and less man may lead to-

- A. Polygamy
- B. Polygyny
- C. Polyandry
- D. None of the above

Answer: B

8. Which among the following is not an endogamous group?

- A. Caste
- B. Varna
- C. Gotra
- D. Religion

Answer: C

9. Kinship relations established through blood is called-
- A. Affinal
 - B. Conjugal
 - C. Consanguineous
 - D. None of the above
- Answer: C
10. Marriage of high caste man with a low caste woman is called-
- A. Hypogamy
 - B. Hypergamy
 - C. Monogamy
 - D. Endogamy
- Answer: A
11. When a man marries the sister of his death wife is called-
- A. Exogamy
 - B. Endogamy
 - C. Sororate
 - D. Levirate
- Answer: C
12. Which of the following factors may bring changes in marriage system?
- A. Traditional values
 - B. Customs
 - C. Folkways
 - D. Modern education
- Answer: D
13. Private property in land introduced in India during-
- A. Ancient period
 - B. Medieval period
 - C. British period
 - D. After Independence
- Answer: C
14. Fragmentation of land may not lead to-
- A. Less yielding
 - B. Poverty
 - C. Higher production
 - D. Growth of indebtedness
- Answer: C
15. The example of non-cultivating owners of land is-
- A. Absentee landlord
 - B. Farmers
 - C. Peasants
 - D. None of the above
- Answer: A
16. The full form of OBC is-
- A. Other Backward Class
 - B. Other Backward Caste
 - C. Over Backward Class
 - D. Over Backward Caste
- Answer: A

17. Highest tribal population can be found in-

- A. India
- B. Africa
- C. Australia
- D. Sri Lanka

Answer: B

18. Which among the following is not a feature of tribal community?

- A. Common name
- B. Common language
- C. Common culture
- D. Exogamy

Answer: D

19. Common territory is a feature of-

- A. SC
- B. ST
- C. OBC
- D. All of the above

Answer: B

20. Geographical isolation is a problem for-

- A. Caste
- B. Class
- C. Tribe
- D. Religion

Answer: C